Título artículo / Títol article: Study of the Stereoselectivity of the Nucleophilic Epoxidation of 3-Hydroxy-2- methylene Esters

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Revista: Tetrahedron Volume 70, Issue 1, 7 January 2014

Versión / Versió: Postprint de l’autor


url Repositori UJI: http://hdl.handle.net/10234/88869
Accepted Manuscript

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PII: S0040-4020(13)01702-X
DOI: 10.1016/j.tet.2013.11.014
Reference: TET 24991

To appear in: Tetrahedron

Received Date: 29 August 2013
Revised Date: 28 October 2013
Accepted Date: 7 November 2013


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Study of the Stereoselectivity of the Nucleophilic Epoxidation of 3-Hydroxy-2-methylene Esters

Antonio Latorre, José A. Sáez, Santiago Rodríguez, and Florenci V. González*

Abstract

The diastereoselectivity of the nucleophilic epoxidation of 3-hydroxy-2-methylene esters has been studied. The 3-hydroxy-2-methylene esters were obtained through a Morita-Baylis-Hillman reaction. The resulting epoxyesters were treated with thiophenol for transformation into 2,3-dihydroxy-2-((phenylthio)methyl) which upon treatment with triphosgene afforded the corresponding cyclic carbonates.

Introduction

Stereoselective synthesis of α,β-epoxyesters is of considerable synthetic interest because a number of compounds can be obtained by the opening of the oxirane ring.1-9 A convenient method for the preparation of α,β-epoxyesters is via nucleophilic epoxidation of chiral α,β-unsaturated esters.2 We previously reported that the nucleophilic epoxidation of γ-hydroxy-α,β-unsaturated esters8 (Scheme 1) is a diastereoselective reaction that favor

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the syn isomer. We have also reported that the stereoselectivity depends highly on the substitution of the double bond and that high syn stereoselectivity (dr >19:1) is observed for the α-methyl-substituted enoates\(^9\) (Scheme 1). Free hydroxyl group resulted to be key for the control of the stereoselectivity. The nucleophilic epoxidation of methyl 2-methylene-3-\textit{tert}-butyldimethylsilyloxycarboxylate esters has been recently reported by A. Myers to get the \textit{anti} diastereomer with high selectivity\(^{12}\) (Scheme 1). The epoxidation of Morita-Baylis-Hillman adducts is an interesting transformation because the resulting epoxides can be used in the total synthesis of interesting natural products.\(^{10-12}\) We now report a study of the stereoselectivity of the nucleophilic epoxidation of β-hydroxy-α-methylene esters.

![Scheme 1. Stereoselective nucleophilic epoxidations of unsaturated esters.](image)

**Results and discussion**

We wanted to study the selectivity of epoxidation of 3-hydroxy-methylene carboxylate esters with a range of R alkyl and aryl groups (Scheme 2). For the preparation of the substrates, a comparison of different experimental procedures was performed as shown in Table 1. Most of the substrates were prepared in good yield using DABCO as a base and a (1:1) mixture of dioxane:water as reported.\(^{13}\) We obtained higher yields when the reaction was performed at higher concentrations (10 M) than reported (see experimental section). Compounds 1\textit{i} and 1\textit{j} were
obtained in best yields under solvent-free conditions and longer period of time, and compounds 1m and 1n were prepared using dimethylsulfoxide as a solvent.

**Scheme 2.** Preparation of substrates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry</th>
<th>Substrate</th>
<th>Conditions</th>
<th>Yield</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1a</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1b</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1c</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1d</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1e</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1f</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1g</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1h</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 12M, 48h, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Entry</td>
<td>Substrate</td>
<td>Conditions</td>
<td>Yield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1i</td>
<td>DABCO, solvent-free 4 days, rt</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1j</td>
<td>DABCO, solvent-free 5 weeks, rt</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1k</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 36h, rt</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1l</td>
<td>DABCO, solvent-free 5 days, rt</td>
<td>94</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1m</td>
<td>DABCO, DMSO 7M, 4 days, rt</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1n</td>
<td>DABCO, DMSO 7M, 4 days, rt</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1o</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 36h, rt</td>
<td>89</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1p</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 16h, rt</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1q</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>1r</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 3h, rt</td>
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<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>1s</td>
<td>DABCO, dioxane:H₂O (1:1), 10M, 20h, rt</td>
<td>85</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Esters 1 were epoxidized using lithium tert-butylperoxide (2 equivalents) as the oxidizing reagent in THF as solvent at -20 ºC.²,⁸,⁹ Table 2 shows that the 2 syn isomer was the major product in all cases. For the aliphatic series (compounds 1a-f), the higher steric volume of the R pendant alkyl group the higher stereoselectivity is observed (entries 1-6). When the R is an alkenyl group then the epoxidation reaction is not stereoselective (entry 7). Compounds 1h-s having an aromatic group gave the corresponding syn isomer 2 in very good selectivity.

![Chemical structure](image)

**TABLE 2.** Epoxidation of compounds 1.
<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Me</td>
<td>67/33</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Et</td>
<td>76/24</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>n-Pr</td>
<td>81/19</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>i-Bu</td>
<td>81/19</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Chx</td>
<td>92/8</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>PhCH₂CH₂</td>
<td>77/23</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>PhCH=CH</td>
<td>53/47</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Ph</td>
<td>93/7</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>p-Tol</td>
<td>89/11</td>
<td>82</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>p-MeOPh</td>
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<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>p-FPh</td>
<td>90/10</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>p-ClPh</td>
<td>84/16</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>m-ClPh</td>
<td>92/8</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>o-ClPh</td>
<td>92/8</td>
<td>52</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>p-BrPh</td>
<td>90/10</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>o-NO₂Ph</td>
<td>83/17</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>m-NO₂Ph</td>
<td>80/20</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>p-NO₂Ph</td>
<td>91/9</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Furfuryl</td>
<td>93/7</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*a* Isolated yield of products corresponds to mixtures of *syn* and *anti* diastereomers.

We also epoxidized compound 1h by using oxidants other than lithium tert-butylperoxide (Table 3). If the reaction was carried out using tert-butyl hydrogenperoxide in the presence of substoichiometric amount of base (entry 1), then a slightly lower selectivity was observed compared to the reaction carried out using a stoichiometric amount of oxidant (entry 8, Table 2). Lithium cumylperoxide gave similar result to lithium tert-butylperoxide (entry 2). On the other hand, in the alkaline peroxides series, potassium gave poorer stereoselectivity than either lithium or sodium (entries 1 and 6–8). The yield of the epoxidation using m-CPBA (entry 3) was low at room temperature but it
increased at higher temperature (entry 4), affording the syn isomer as the major one. When m-CPBA was used in the presence of potassium carbonate\textsuperscript{14} (entry 5), only starting material was recovered.

![Chemical structure of compounds](image)

**TABLE 3. Epoxidation of compound 1h.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Entry</th>
<th>Conditions\textsuperscript{a}</th>
<th>2h/3h</th>
<th>Yield (%)\textsuperscript{b}</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>TBPLi</td>
<td>88/12</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>CMPLi</td>
<td>91/9</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>mCPBA</td>
<td>90/10</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>mCPBA</td>
<td>88/12</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>mCPBA</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>NR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>TBPNa</td>
<td>85/15</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>TBPNa</td>
<td>87/13</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>TBPK</td>
<td>83/17</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{a} For entry 1: 1.5 equiv of TBHP, 0.8 equiv of MeLi, THF, -20 °C, 20 h. For entry 2: 1.5 equiv of CMHP, 1.1 equiv of MeLi, THF, -20 °C, 20 h. For entry 3: 2.1 equiv of mCPBA, DCM, rt, 96 h. For entry 4: 2.1 equiv of mCPBA, 70 °C (sealed tube), 96 h. For entry 5: 2.5 equiv of mCPBA, 1.3 equiv of K\textsubscript{2}CO\textsubscript{3}, DCM, rt, 96 h. For entry 6: 2.0 equiv of TBHP, 1.0 equiv of t-BuONa, THF, 0 °C, 3 h. For entry 7: 2.0 equiv of TBHP, 0.25 equiv of t-BuONa, THF, 0 °C, 3 h. For entry 8: 2.0 equiv of TBHP, 0.25 equiv of t-BuOK, THF, 0 °C, 3 h.\textsuperscript{b} Isolated yield of products corresponds to mixtures of syn and anti diastereomers.

The stereochemistry of epoxides 2b and 2h was confirmed by comparison with already reported data.\textsuperscript{12,15} The epoxyesters 2d, 3d, 2e and 3e were transformed into cyclic carbonates through a one-pot sequence: treatment with thiophenol in the presence of a base which resulted in the opening of the oxirane ring and then addition of triphosgene to give carbonates 4, 5, 6 and 7, respectively (Scheme 3). The stereochemical assignment of the carbonates was performed by NOE experiments (Scheme 3). Carbonates 4 and 6 gave NOE between H-5 and methyl ester whilst 5 and 7 gave NOE between H-5 and methylene from the (phenylthio)methyl group.
Conclusions

In summary, the diastereoselectivity of the nucleophilic epoxidation of 3-hydroxy-2-methylene esters has been studied. The syn isomer was the major one in all cases. The resulting 3-hydroxy 2-epoxyesters were treated with thiophenol for transformation into 2,3-dihydroxy-2-((phenylthio)methyl) which upon treatment with triphosgene afforded the corresponding cyclic carbonates.

Experimental Section

General Experimental Methods. All solvents used in reactions were freshly distilled from appropriate drying agents before use. $^1$H NMR spectra and $^{13}$C NMR spectra were measured in CDCl$_3$ ($^1$H, 7.24 ppm; $^{13}$C 77.0 ppm) solution at 30 °C on a 300 MHz or a 500 MHz NMR spectrometer. IR spectra were recorded as oil films or KBr discs or NaCl pellets on a FT-IR spectrometer. EM Science Silica Gel 60 was used for column chromatography while TLC was
performed with precoated plates (Kieselgel 60, F254, 0.25 mm). Unless otherwise specified, all reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere with magnetic stirring.

**General experimental procedure for the preparation of compounds 1a-s:**

To a solution of aldehyde (1 mmol) in dioxane-water (1:1) (0.1 mL) was added methyl acrylate (3 mmol) and DABCO (1 mmol). The reaction was monitored by TLC. Upon completion, water (70 mL) was added and poured onto a separatory funnel and extracted with ethyl ether or dichloromethane (3 x 30 mL), dried over anhydrous Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified through chromatography (silica-gel, hexanes/ethyl acetate (8:2), (6:4)) to afford the desired compound.

**Methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methylenebutanoate 1a.**16 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 6.19 (1H, s), 5.81 (1H, s), 4.59 (1H, q, J = 6.5 Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.61 (1H, br s), 1.36 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz).13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ 167.1, 143.6, 124.0, 67.2, 51.8, 22.1 ppm.

**Methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methylenepentanoate 1b.**17 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 6.22 (1H, s), 5.78 (s, 1H), 4.31 (1H, t, J = 7.0Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.43 (1H, br s), 1.73-1.61 (2H, m), 0.93 (3H, t, J = 7.4Hz). 13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ 167.0, 142.3, 124.7, 72.0, 51.5, 29.0, 10.0 ppm.

**Methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methylenhexanoate 1c.**18 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 6.20 (1H, s), 5.78 (1H, s), 4.38 (1H, t, J = 6.5 Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.41 (1H, br s), 1.63-1.58 (2H, m), 1.49-1.45 (1H, m), 1.31-1.38 (1H, m), 0.90 (3H, t, J = 6.7 Hz). 13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ 167.0, 142.5, 124.7, 71.3, 52.0, 38.5, 19.0, 14.0 ppm.

**Methyl 3-hydroxy-5-methyl-2-methylenehexanoate 1d.**18 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 6.18 (1H, s), 5.78 (1H, s), 4.45 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 4.3Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.40 (1H, br s), 1.80-1.75 (1H, m), 1.58-1.51 (1H, m), 1.44-1.38 (1H, m), 0.92 (6H, m). 13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ 167.0, 142.8, 124.6, 71.3, 69.9, 51.9, 45.5, 24.8, 23.3, 21.8 ppm.

**Methyl 2-(cyclohexyl(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1e.**19 1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl3) δ 6.23 (1H, s), 5.71 (1H, s), 4.06 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 2.44 (1H, br s), 1.94 (1H, m), 1.50-1.76 (5H, m), 1.24-0.92 (5H, m). 13C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl3) δ 167.0, 141.2, 126.0, 53.4, 52.0, 42.4, 29.8, 28.1, 26.3, 26.1, 25.9 ppm.
Methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methylene-5-phenylpentanoate 1f. \(^{20}\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.30-7.17 (5H, m), 6.24 (1H, s), 5.81 (1H, s), 4.42 (1H, dd, \(J = 7.5, 5.7\)Hz), 3.77 (3H, s), 2.85-2.79 (1H, m), 2.73-2.69 (1H, m), 2.42 (1H, br s), 2.00-1.95 (1H, m). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 167.0, 141.8, 128.5, 125.9, 125.0, 70.1, 51.8, 38.0, 32.0 ppm.

(E)-methyl 3-hydroxy-2-methylene-5-phenylpent-4-enoate 1g. \(^{19}\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.39-7.22 (5H, m), 6.67 (1H, d, \(J = 16.0\)Hz), 6.29 (2H, m), 5.91 (1H, s), 5.13 (1H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 2.97 (1H, br s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.7, 141.3, 136.5, 131.5, 129.2, 128.5, 127.8, 126.6, 125.8, 72.1, 52.0 ppm.

Methyl 2-(hydroxy(phenyl)methyl)acrylate 1h. \(^{18}\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.38-7.26 (5H, m), 6.33 (1H, s), 5.83 (1H, s), 5.56 (1H, s), 3.72 (3H, s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.7, 142.3, 141.6, 128.3, 126.8, 125.6, 72.7, 51.8 ppm.

Methyl 2-(hydroxy(p-tolyl)methyl)acrylate 1i. \(^{18}\) \(^1\)H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.26 (2H, d, \(J = 8.0\)Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, \(J = 8.0\)Hz), 6.32 (1H, s), 5.85 (1H, s), 5.53 (1H, s), 3.71 (3H, s), 2.34 (3H, s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.8, 142.1, 138.4, 137.5, 129.1, 126.5, 125.8, 73.1, 51.9, 21.1 ppm.

Methyl 2-(hydroxy(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl)acrylate 1j. \(^{20}\) \(^1\)H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.28 (2H, d, \(J = 8.8\)Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, \(J = 8.7\)Hz), 6.31 (1H, s), 5.84 (1H, s), 5.52 (1H, s), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.71 (3H, s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.8, 159.2, 142.2, 133.5, 127.9, 125.5, 113.8, 72.7, 55.2, 51.9 ppm.

Methyl 2-((4-fluorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1k. \(^{20}\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.33 (2H, dd, \(J = 8.5, 5.5\)Hz), 7.01 (2H, t, \(J = 8.7\)Hz), 6.32 (1H, s), 5.82 (1H, s), 5.53 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.02 (1H, br s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.6, 162.3 (d, \(J = 245\)Hz), 141.9, 137.0, 128.3 (dd, \(J = 7.2, 21.3\)Hz), 126.0 (dd, \(J = 15.0, 21.3\)Hz), 115.2 (dd, \(J = 12.5, 22.5\)Hz), 72.6, 52.2 ppm.

Methyl 2-((4-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1l. \(^{18}\) \(^1\)H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 7.54 (1H, m), 7.34 (1H, m), 7.21-7.30 (2H, m), 6.32 (1H, s), 5.97 (1H, s), 5.58 (1H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.26 (1H, br s). \(^{13}\)C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 166.6, 141.6, 139.8, 133.6, 128.6, 127.9, 126.3, 72.7, 52.0 ppm.
Methyl 2-((3-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1m. $^{20}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.37 (1H, s), 7.26 (3H, m), 6.34 (1H, s), 5.83 (s, 1H), 5.51 (1H, s), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.03 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.5, 143.4, 141.4, 134.4, 129.7, 127.9, 126.7, 124.7, 72.7, 52.0 ppm.

Methyl 2-((2-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1n. $^{20}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.37 (1H, m), 7.26-7.30 (2H, m), 6.32 (1H, s), 5.97 (1H, s), 5.58 (1H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.25 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.9, 140.9, 134.5, 132.8, 128.9, 128.1, 127.0, 126.8, 68.9, 52.0 ppm.

Methyl 2-((4-bromophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1o. $^{20}$ $^1$H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.47 (2H, m), 7.25 (2H, m), 6.33 (1H, s), 5.82 (1H, s), 5.51 (1H, m), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.04 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.4, 141.9, 140.6, 131.4, 125.9, 121.6, 71.9, 51.9 ppm.

Methyl 2-((2-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1p. $^{18}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.95 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 1.3Hz), 7.75 (1H, dd, J = 7.9, 1.3Hz), 7.64 (1H, td, J = 7.7, 1.3Hz), 7.46 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 1.4Hz), 6.37 (1H, s), 6.20 (1H, s), 5.73 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.35 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 163.8, 145.6, 138.5, 133.7, 130.8, 126.3, 126.0, 123.7, 121.9, 64.7, 49.5 ppm.

Methyl 2-((3-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1q. $^{18}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 8.26 (1H, m), 8.14 (1H, ddd, J = 8.2, 2.3, 1.2Hz), 7.75 (1H, m), 7.52 (1H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.41 (1H, s), 5.89 (1H, s), 5.63 (1H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.25 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.2, 148.3, 143.7, 141.0, 132.8, 129.5, 126.9, 122.8, 121.7, 72.4, 52.3 ppm.

Methyl 2-((4-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1r. $^{18}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 8.18 (2H, d, J = 10.9Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, J = 10.9Hz), 6.38 (1H, s), 5.86 (1H, s), 5.62 (1H, m), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.32 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.4, 148.6, 143.7, 141.0, 127.3, 127.2, 123.6, 72.7, 52.2 ppm.

Methyl 2-(furan-2-yl(hydroxy)methyl)acrylate 1s. $^{18}$ $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.35 (1H, s), 6.37 (1H, s), 6.31 (1H, m), 6.24 (1H, m), 5.93 (1H, s), 5.57 (1H, s), 3.74 (3H, s), 3.21 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 166.4, 154.1, 142.3, 143.7, 139.5, 126.7, 110.4, 107.1, 67.2, 52.0 ppm.

General experimental procedure for the epoxidation of esters 1a-s:
To a -78 °C cold THF (3.5 mL) was added TBHP (3.3 M in toluene) (2 mmol) and then methyllithium (1.6M in hexanes) (1.7 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 15 min and then a solution of compound 1 (1 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added drop wise and then the mixture was left at -20 °C (fridge) for 20 h. Then solid Na₂SO₃ (120 mg) was added in one portion and stirred for 15 min, then diluted with water and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 30 mL), the organic layers were washed (brine), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated. The crude oil was purified through chromatography (silica-gel, hexanes/EtOAc (7:3) and (1:1)).

**Methyl 2-(1-hydroxyethyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2a/3a.** (yield= 167 mg, 99%) (Ratio of diastereomers 67/33). 

^1^H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.33 (1H, q, J = 6.6Hz) (minor), 4.16 (1H, q, J = 6.4Hz) (major), 3.71 (3H, s), 3.10 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz) (major), 4.64 (1H, d, J = 6.1Hz) (minor), 2.99 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz) (minor), 2.96 (1H, d, J = 5.8Hz) (major), 2.08 (1H, br s), 1.31 (3H, d, J = 6.4Hz) (major), 1.29 (3H, d, J= 6.6Hz) (minor). 

^1^3^C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.0 (minor), 169.9 (major), 65.1 (major), 64.9 (minor), 59.6 (minor), 59.0 (major), 52.5 (major), 52.4 (minor), 49.3 (minor), 49.2 (major), 18.6 (minor), 18.2 (major) ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3932, 3839, 2984, 2363, 1738, 1519, 1382, 1285, 1173, 1095, 971, 913, 853 cm⁻¹. HRMS m/z calcd. for C₆H₁₀O₄Na [M+Na⁺]: 169.0477, found: 169.0478.

**Methyl 2-(1-hydroxypropyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2b/3b.** (yield= 128 mg, 70%) (Ratio of diastereomers 76/24).

^1^H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.75 (1H, m), 3.71 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.98 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.55 (1H, br s), 1.72 (1H, m), 1.48 (1H, m), 0.98 (3H, t, J= 6.7Hz). 

^1^3^C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.0, 71.0, 50.1, 52.5, 49.6, 26.0, 9.9 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3770, 3457, 2939, 2360, 1869, 1637, 1541, 1440, 1348, 1197, 1139, 1077, 983, 760 cm⁻¹. HRMS m/z calcd. for C₇H₁₂O₄Na [M+Na⁺]: 183.0633, found: 183.0636. (Yield 2c/3c = 99%)

**syn-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxybutyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2c.** ^1^H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.84-3.87 (1H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.98 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 1.69-1.40 (4H, m), 0.94 (3H, t, J= 7.2Hz). 

^1^3^C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.0, 69.3, 58.3, 52.4, 49.6, 35.0, 18.7 cm⁻¹. IR (KBr) δ 3649, 2960, 2361, 1740, 1560, 1457, 1382, 1197, 1139, 1077, 983, 760 cm⁻¹. HRMS m/z calcd. for C₈H₁₄O₄Na [M+Na⁺]: 197.0790, found: 197.0786.

**anti-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxybutyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 3c.** ^1^H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.12-4.10 (1H, m), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.08 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.98 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 1.77 (1H, br s), 1.61-1.37 (4H, m), 0.94 (3H, t, J= 7.1Hz).
$^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.0, 69.0, 59.4, 52.5, 49.3, 35.1, 18.9, 13.7 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3466, 2960, 1739, 1639, 1567, 1441, 1356, 1287, 1212, 1197, 1138, 1129, 1036, 982, 957 cm$^{-1}$.

(Yield 2d/3d = 71%)

**syn-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2d.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 3.92 (1H, dd, J = 3.8, 9.2Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.98 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 1.93-1.86 (1H, m), 1.41-1.51 (2H, m), 0.95 (6H, t, J= 6.5Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.0, 68.0, 58.5, 52.5, 49.6, 42.0, 24.4, 23.5, 21.3 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3491, 2957, 2393, 1738, 1440, 1368, 1184, 1115, 1087, 1030, 932, 761 cm$^{-1}$.

**anti-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxy-3-methylbutyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 3d.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 4.20 (1H, dd, J = 3.8, 9.2Hz), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.09 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.98 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.06-1.96 (1H, br s), 1.76-1.82 (1H, m), 1.48-1.51 (1H, m), 1.27-1.35 (1H, m), 0.95 (6H, t, J= 6.5Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.0, 67.5, 59.6, 52.5, 49.3, 42.0, 24.4, 23.5, 21.3 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3743, 2956, 2361, 1738, 1438, 1368, 1171, 1116, 1078, 994, 919, 864, 758 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-(cyclohexyl(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2e.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 3.78 (3H, s), 3.39 (1H, d, J = 6.7Hz), 3.11 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.96 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.12 (1H, br s), 1.88 (1H, m), 1.75-1.63 (5H, m), 1.26-1.03 (5H, m). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.1, 75.1, 57.3, 52.4, 49.7, 41.2, 29.3, 28.2, 26.2, 26.0, 25.8 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3799, 2930, 2669, 2342, 1741, 1377, 1306, 1200, 1124, 1087, 1030, 932, 761 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_9$H$_{16}$O$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 211.0946, found: 211.0942.

**anti-Methyl 2-(cyclohexyl(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 3e.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 3.77 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 6.5Hz), 3.02 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.97 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 1.94 (1H, m), 1.78-1.64 (5H, m), 1.30-0.94 (5H, m). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 169.8, 74.5, 65.7, 58.7, 52.5, 49.6, 41.5, 29.6, 28.2, 26.1, 25.8, 15.1 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3752, 2936, 2668, 2341, 1740, 1422, 1232, 1153, 1104, 1069, 1052, 974, 957 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2f.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.33-7.20 (5H, m), 3.95 (1H, m), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.95 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.93-2.88 (1H, m), 2.77-2.65 (1H,
m), 2.20-2.01 (1H, m), 1.82-1.93 (1H, m). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.0, 141.5, 128.4, 126.1, 68.9, 58.3, 52.6, 49.3, 34.8, 31.7 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3873, 3063, 3003, 2924, 2364, 1748, 1298, 1240, 1132, 1075, 754, 701 cm$^{-1}$.

**anti**-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 3f. $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.30-7.17 (5H, m), 4.11 (1H, d, J = 9.3Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.05 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.93-2.87 (1H, m), 2.75-2.69 (1H, m), 1.99-1.93 (1H, m), 1.89-1.82 (1H, m), 1.54 (1H, br s). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 170.0, 141.3, 128.4, 126.0, 68.9, 59.1, 52.3, 49.3, 34.5, 31.8 ppm.

(E)-Methyl 2-(1-hydroxy-3-phenylallyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2g/3g. (yield= 103 mg, 47%) (Ratio of diastereomers 53/47). $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.40-7.24 (m, 5H), 6.74 (1H, d, J = 16.0Hz) (major and minor), 6.27 (1H, dd, J = 6.3, 12.0Hz) (major), 6.23 (1H, dd, J = 5.8, 13.2Hz) (minor), 4.85 (1H, dd, J = 6.3, 1.3Hz) (minor), 4.71 (1H, dd, J = 6.5, 1.2Hz) (major), 3.80 (3H, s) (major), 3.79 (3H, s) (minor), 3.15 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz) (major), 3.13 (1H, d, J = 6.1Hz) (minor), 3.06 (1H, d, J = 6.1Hz) (minor), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz) (major). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 169.8 (minor), 169.7 (major), 136.2 (minor), 136.1 (major), 133.5 (major), 133.1 (minor), 128.6, 128.1, 128.0, 126.7 (major and minor), 125.9 (minor), 125.6 (major), 70.7 (major), 70.0 (minor), 59.0 (minor), 58.5 (major), 52.7, 52.6 (major and minor), 49.9 (major), 49.2 (minor) ppm. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{13}$H$_{14}$O$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 257.0790, found: 257.0792.

**syn**-Methyl 2-(hydroxy(phenyl)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2h. $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.43-7.30 (5H, m), 5.18 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.86 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 169.7, 138.4, 128.4, 127.0, 71.7, 59.0, 52.6, 49.7 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3487, 3064, 2923, 1743, 1197, 1125, 1082, 1027, 947, 757 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{11}$H$_{12}$O$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 231.0633, found: 231.0632.

**syn**-Methyl 2-(hydroxy(p-toly)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2i. $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 7.29 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 7.26 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 5.15 (1H, s), 3.72 (3H, s), 3.11 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz), 2.86 (1H, d, J = 5.9Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 169.8, 137.9, 135.5, 128.9, 127.0, 71.4, 59.1, 52.6, 49.6, 21.1 ppm. IR (KBr) $\delta$ 3502, 3005, 2923, 1743, 1197, 1125, 1020, 943, 837, 765, 686 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{12}$H$_{14}$O$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 245.0790, found: 245.0787.
**syn-Methyl 2-(hydroxy(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2j.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.33 (2H, d, J = 8.8Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 8.8Hz), 5.16 (1H, s), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.67 (3H, s), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.85 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.8, 159.5, 130.4, 128.5, 113.8, 71.2, 59.1, 55.2, 52.6, 49.5 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3493, 3003, 2910, 1742, 1197, 1124, 1031, 978, 917, 836, 756 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{12}$H$_{14}$O$_5$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 261.0739, found: 261.0738.

**syn-Methyl 2-((4-fluorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2k.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.40 (2H, dd, J = 8.5, 5.5Hz), 7.03 (2H, t, J = 8.7Hz), 5.15 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.13 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.85 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.7, 162.2 (d, J = 245Hz), 134.2, 129.0 (dd, J = 7.2, 21.3Hz), 115.2 (dd, J = 12.5, 22.5Hz), 71.1, 65.8, 52.7, 49.6 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3477, 3070, 2958, 2342, 1737, 1509, 1398, 1271, 1197, 1128, 1045, 980, 842, 756 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{11}$H$_{11}$FO$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 249.0539, found: 249.0535.

**syn-Methyl 2-((4-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2l.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.37 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 5.29 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.14 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.88 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.6, 137.0, 134.1, 128.6, 128.5, 71.2, 58.7, 52.7, 49.7 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3518, 3001, 2929, 1723, 1411, 1287, 1160, 1107, 1049, 982, 920, 756 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS m/z calcd. for C$_{11}$H$_{11}$ClO$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 265.0244, found: 265.0245.

**syn-Methyl 2-((3-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2m.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.44 (1H, s), 7.32 (3H, m), 5.10 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.16 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.90 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.6, 140.6, 134.3, 129.6, 128.4, 127.1, 125.3, 71.3, 58.7, 52.8, 49.8 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3466, 3020, 2964, 1463, 1264, 1154, 1170, 1083, 962, 918, 877 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-((2-chlorophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2n.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.54 (1H, m), 7.33 (1H, m), 7.29-7.29 (2H, m), 6.04 (1H, s), 3.82 (3H, s), 3.06 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.35 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.9, 135.0, 132.9, 129.5, 127.9, 126.9, 67.9, 58.6, 52.9, 50.5 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3741, 3019, 2938, 1734, 1472, 1390, 1297, 1195, 1064, 1028, 1028, 758, 741 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-((4-bromophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2o.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.48 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 7.32 (2H, d, J = 8.0Hz), 5.29 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.14 (1H, d, J = 6.0Hz), 2.88 (1H, d, J =
6.0 Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.6, 137.5, 131.5, 129.0, 122.2, 71.2, 58.7, 52.7, 48.9 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3711, 3057, 2957, 1923, 1592, 1728, 1460, 1333, 1286, 1196, 1127, 1049, 935, 755 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{11}$H$_{11}$BrO$_4$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 308.9738, found: 308.9735.

**syn-Methyl 2-((2-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2p.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.96 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 1.3 Hz), 7.79 (1H, dd, J = 7.9, 1.3 Hz), 7.65 (1H, td, J = 7.7, 1.3 Hz), 7.48 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 1.4 Hz), 6.17 (1H, s), 3.82 (3H, s), 3.13 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.6, 148.3, 129.8, 129.1, 124.5, 66.2, 58.3, 53.1, 51.0 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3648, 3093, 2957, 1725, 1440, 1357, 1267, 1156, 1053, 947, 747 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-((3-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2q.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 8.33 (1H, m), 8.17 (1H, ddd, J = 8.2, 2.3, 1.2 Hz), 7.81 (1H, m), 7.52 (1H, t, J = 7.92 Hz), 5.19 (1H, s), 3.74 (3H, s), 3.22 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.95 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.4, 148.2, 133.3, 129.2, 123.2, 122.1, 71.0, 65.7, 52.8, 49.7 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3712, 3092, 3006, 2957, 2876, 1735, 1441, 1353, 1289, 1163, 1096, 976, 935, 866, 758 cm$^{-1}$.

**syn-Methyl 2-((4-nitrophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2r.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 8.22 (2H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 5.13 (1H, s), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.48 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.94 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.5, 146.0, 128.1, 127.8, 123.4, 71.4, 58.4, 53.0, 49.9 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3902, 3087, 2958, 2342, 1925, 1715, 1517, 1442, 1221, 1096, 1053, 946, 777 cm$^{-1}$. HRMS $m/z$ calcd. for C$_{11}$H$_{11}$NO$_6$Na [M+Na$^+$]: 276.0484, found: 276.0482.

**syn-Methyl 2-(furan-2-yl(hydroxy)methyl)oxirane-2-carboxylate 2s.** $^1$H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 7.38 (1H, s), 7.26 (1H, s), 6.39 (1H, m), 6.33 (1H, m), 5.29 (1H, s), 3.75 (3H, s), 3.23 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 3.05 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 169.3, 125.6, 142.5, 110.4, 107.7, 64.5, 52.6, 49.0 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3932, 3153, 3004, 2957, 1734, 1633, 1359, 1231, 1048, 975, 753 cm$^{-1}$.

**General experimental procedure for the preparation of cyclic carbonates:**

An ice-bath cold suspension of sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil) (1.12 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was treated with
thiophenol (2.25 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min and then a solution of the epoxyester 2 (0.75 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added drop wise and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 h. Then was treated with pyridine (0.22 mmol) and triphosgene (0.48 mmol). The mixture was refluxed for 15 h. Then brine was added and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were washed (brine), dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated. The crude oil was purified through chromatography (silica-gel, hexanes/EtOAc (8:2) and (7:3)).

**syn-Methyl 5-isobutyl-2-oxo-4-((phenylthio)methyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate 4.** ⁴H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (2H, m), 7.25-7.33 (3H, m), 4.73 (1H, m), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.58 (1H, d, J = 15.0Hz), 3.47 (1H, d, J = 15.0Hz), 1.77 (1H, m), 1.44 (1H, m), 1.35 (1H, m), 0.92 (3H, d, J = 6.5Hz), 0.84 (3H, d, J = 6.5Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 152.7, 134.7, 131.3, 129.3, 127.7, 86.6, 80.4, 53.2, 39.6, 38.6, 25.1, 23.0, 21.2 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3059, 2959, 1811, 1743, 1626, 1540, 1470, 1387, 1306, 1200, 1116, 1025, 968, 746 cm⁻¹. HRMS m/z calcd. for C₁₆H₂₀O₅SNa [M+Na⁺]: 347.0929, found: 347.0929.

**anti-Methyl 5-isobutyl-2-oxo-4-((phenylthio)methyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate 5.** ⁴H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46 (2H, m), 7.25-7.33 (3H, m), 4.76 (1H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 3.42 (2H, s), 1.71 (1H, m), 1.49 (1H, m), 1.47 (1H, m), 0.98 (3H, d, J = 6.5Hz), 0.95 (3H, d, J = 6.5Hz). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.6, 152.2, 134.4, 131.9, 127.8, 85.6, 80.4, 53.4, 37.9, 37.5, 24.9, 23.2, 21.2 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3059, 2959, 1806, 1749, 1582, 1439, 1360, 1257, 1132, 1048, 963, 744 cm⁻¹.

**syn-Methyl 5-cyclohexyl-2-oxo-4-((phenylthio)methyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate 6.** ⁴H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (2H, m), 7.25-7.17 (3H, m), 4.37 (1H, m), 3.73 (3H, s), 3.57 (1H, d, J = 15.0Hz), 3.55 (1H, d, J = 15.0Hz), 1.80 (1H, m), 1.40-1.77 (5H, m), 1.24-0.79 (5H, m). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 168.9, 152.4, 134.8, 131.9, 129.2, 127.8, 86.0, 85.7, 53.5, 37.7, 37.3, 29.5, 28.1, 25.7, 25.4, 25.1 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 3060, 2929, 2857, 1741, 1582, 1402, 1195, 1024, 927, 845, 713, 629 cm⁻¹. HRMS m/z calcd. for C₁₈H₂₂O₅SNa [M+Na⁺]: 373.1086, found: 373.1089.

**anti-Methyl 5-cyclohexyl-2-oxo-4-((phenylthio)methyl)-1,3-dioxolane-4-carboxylate 7.** ⁴H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 (2H, m), 7.24-7.33 (3H, m), 4.43 (1H, m), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.56 (1H, d, J = 15.0Hz), 3.48 (1H, d, J =
15.0 Hz), 1.77 (1H, m), 1.68-1.76 (5H, m), 1.10-1.25 (5H, m). $^{13}$C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 167.9, 152.6, 134.7, 131.7, 129.2, 127.7, 86.6, 85.8, 53.3, 40.8, 38.6, 28.6, 28.5, 25.7, 25.2, 25.0 ppm. IR (KBr) δ 2934, 2854, 1747, 1584, 1440, 1178, 1052, 930, 634 cm$^{-1}$.

Acknowledgements

This work was financed by Bancaixa-UJI foundation (P1 1B2011-59 and P1 1B2011-28). The authors also are grateful to the Serveis Centrals d'Instrumentació Científica (SCIC) of the Universitat Jaume I for providing us with mass spectrometry and NMR.

References and Footnotes


Supporting Information

Study of the Stereoselectivity of the Nucleophilic Epoxidation of 3-Hydroxy-2-methylene Esters

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